

**FAR
BEYOND**

MAT122

Function Basics



Stony Brook University

Relations/Functions

Function:= a relation such that an x -value in its domain has **exactly** one y -value

recall relations from previous video:

$\{(A,1), (B,12), (C,5)\}$ is a function

$\{(\underline{A},1), (B,8), (C,1), (\underline{A},5)\}$ is not a function:

A maps to 1

A also maps to 5

note: okay to have repeated y -values

Do: Determine whether each relation is a function:

$\{(1,2), (3,4), (5,6), (5,8)\}$

$\{(1,2), (3,4), (6,5), (8,5)\}$

Function Notation

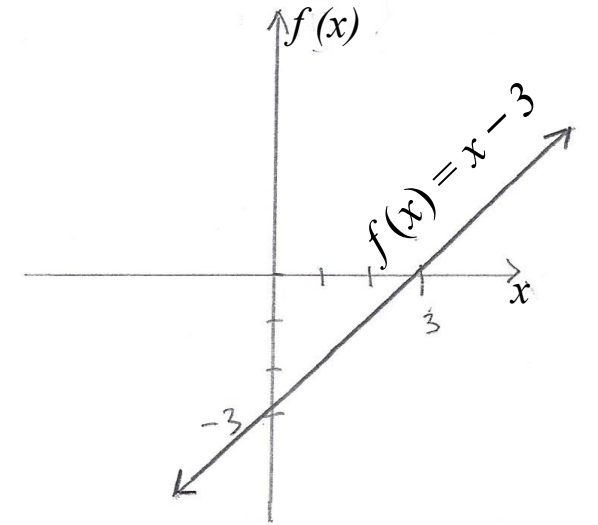
once a relation is determined to be a function, use the notation:

$$y \Rightarrow f(x) \quad \text{say "f of x"}$$

$$y = mx + b \quad :)$$

example: ~~$y = x - 3$~~ graphs as a ~~line~~ linear function

$$f(x) = x - 3$$



then just plug in an x -value to get the other coordinate for an ordered pair

process is called “evaluating a function”